

CHARACTERISTICS OF CENTRAL PRECOCIOUS PUBERTY CAUSED BY HYPOTHALAMIC HARMATOMA

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- ❖ Hypothalamic hamartomas (HH)
- ✓ rare congenital malformations (1-2 /100 000 incidence)
- ✓ Benign
- ✓ Consequences:
 - precocious puberty,
 - recognition deficiencies
 - gelastic seizures
 - behavior disorder

- Precocious puberty due to hamatoma starts at very young age
- If no treatment it can affect:
 - Height growth
 - Serious health problems
 - Psychological crisis

Precocious puberty caused by hamatoma



Clinical features



Investigations

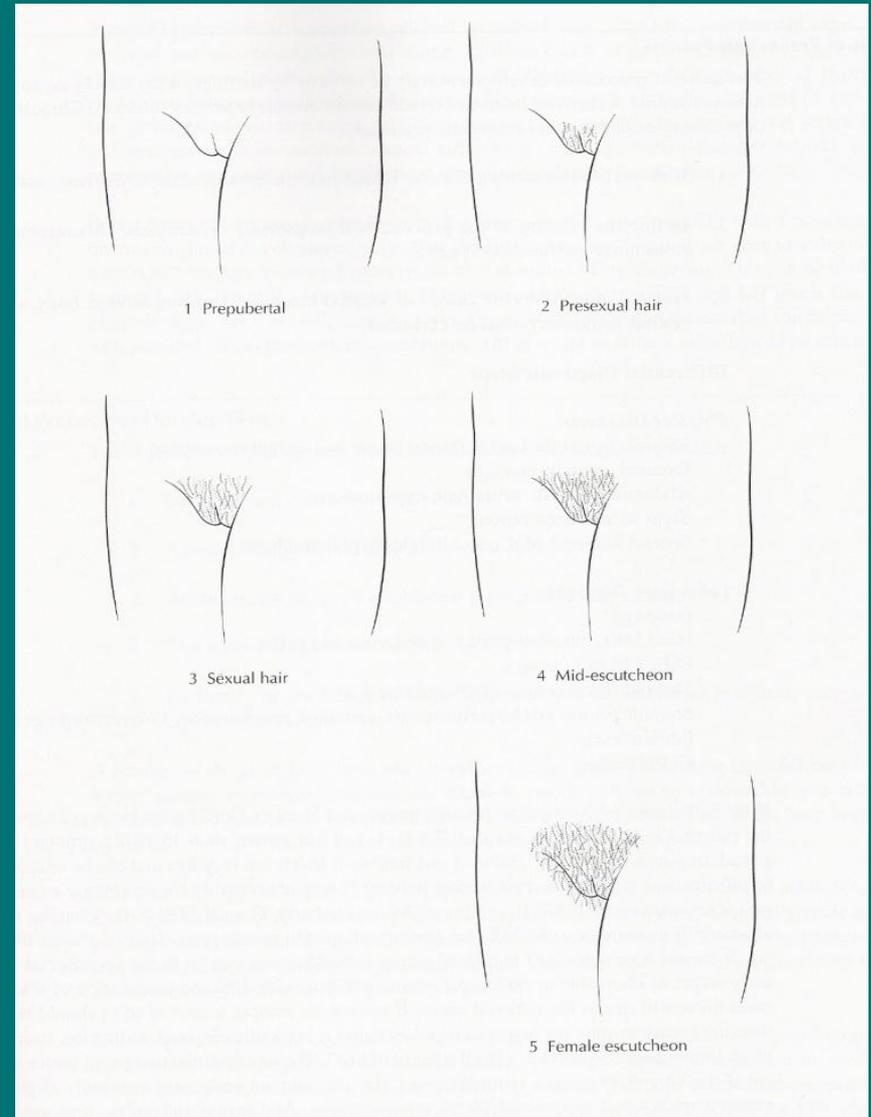
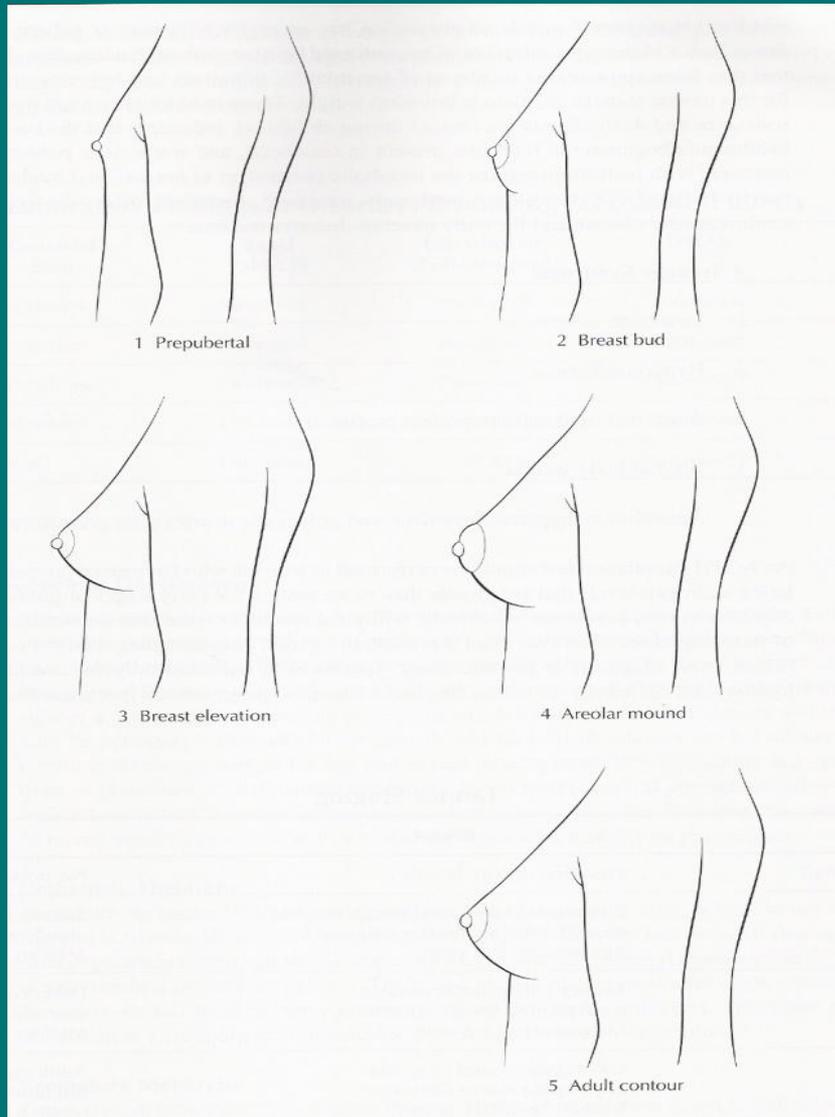
1. Subjects

- 16 patients with Hypothalamic hamatoma
- Endocrinology department, the national hospital of pediatrics
- Time: 2000 – 2016
- Diagnosis criteria by Carel 2008

2. Methods

- A retrospective study
- Secondary sexual characteristics by Marshall and Tanner
- Bone age: Xray of the left wrist
- FSH, LH, estradiol in girls, testosterone in boys.
- GnRH stimulation test
- Skull MRI: hamatoma.
- Abdominal ultrasound to exclude other causes

TANNER Stages



TANNER Stages

I		3	<2,5
II		4	2,5-3,2
III		10	3,6
IV		16	4,1-4,5
V		25	>4,5

Stage I: prepubertal; testicular size less than 4 cc in volume and 2.5 cm in longest dimension

Stage II: enlargement of scrotum and testes; scrotal skin reddens and changes in texture; growth of testes to 4 cc or greater in volume

Stage III: enlargement of penis (length at first); further growth of testes

Stage IV: increased size of penis with growth in breadth and development of glans; testes and scrotum larger, scrotal skin darker

Stage V: adult genitalia

❖ Ages of diagnosis

- ✓ Boys: 15 - 96 months (average $55,8 \pm 11,2$ months)
- ✓ Girls: 19 - 96 months (average $46,1 \pm 9,3$ months)

❖ Chief complains:

- ✓ Boys: penis growths (100%)
- ✓ Girls: breast development 62,5%, vaginal bleeding 37,5%

❖ Signs and symptoms started before exams

- ✓ Boys: $7,3 \pm 2,1$ months
- ✓ Girls: $11,3 \pm 3,7$ months

Clinical features in girls

Characteristics	Stages by Tanner	n
Breast	B1	0 (0%)
	B2	3 (37,5%)
	B3	4 (50%)
	B4	12,5 (0%)
	B5	0 (0%)
Public hair	P1	6 (75%)
	P2	2 (25%)
	P3	0
	P4	0
	P5	0
Menarche	3 (37,5%)	
Acne	0 (0%)	

	Characteristics	Results	n
Clinical features in boys	Penile length	7,1±1,7 (cm)	8
	Testicular thickness	10,1±4,3 (cm)	8
	Acne		2 (25%)
	Public hair	P1	5 (62,5%)
		P2	2(25%)
		P3	1(12,5%)
		P4	0
P5		0	



Picture 1. A 2 year boy, 4ml testicular and 8 cm penile length



Picture 2. A 2,5 year girl with breast of B3 clitoris growth



4 years, central precocious puberty due to hamartoma

Girls

	Day of diagnosis	3 months after treatment	N	P
LH (UI/L)	5,4±2,2	0,5±0,2	8	
FSH (UI/L)	6,4±2,2	1,4±1,0	8	<0,05
Estradiol (pmol/L)	168,5±63,4	24,7±9,5	8	

Boys

	Day of diagnosis	3 months after treatment	N	P
LH (UI/L)	2,4±0,6	1,2±0,6	8	>0,05
FSH (UI/L)	8,8±3,7	0,69±0,3	8	
Testosteron (nmol/L)	17,4±5,1	0,45±0,3	8	<0,05

Hormone increased equivalent to puberty level on the day of diagnosis

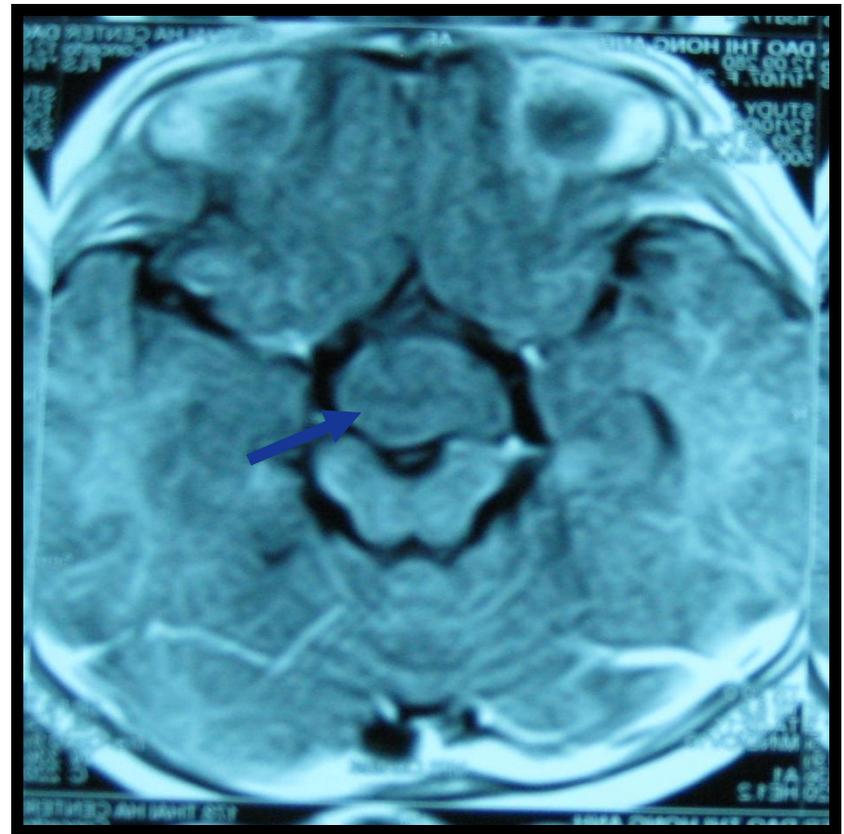
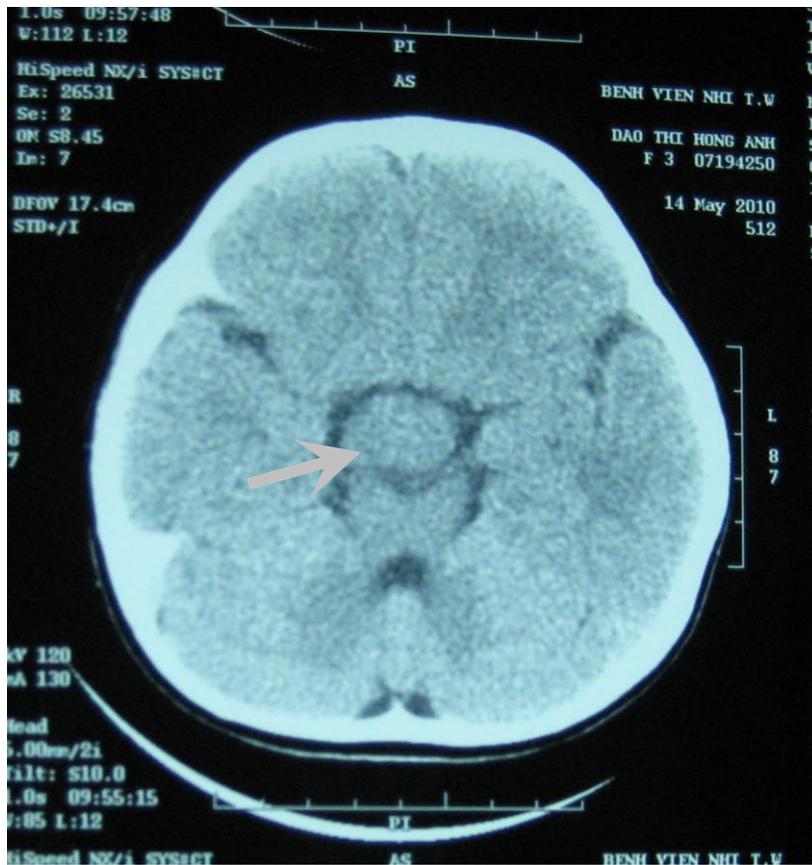
3 months after treatment by GnRH analogs, the hormone level decreased (p< 0,05)

❖ **Boys:**

- Normal testicular ultrasound.
- Average bone age: $93,0 \pm 42,9$ months, higher than real age $34,5 \pm 15,7$ months.
- Skull MRI found a hypothalamic hamatoma
Of $12,2 \pm 6,6$ mm x $14,8 \pm 6,5$ mm.

❖ **Girls:**

- Uterus ultrasound: size of $11,3 \pm 3,7$ mm x $42,2 \pm 5,8$ mm.
- Average bone age: $67,5 \pm 28,6$ months, higher than chronological age $23,8 \pm 11,3$ months.
- MRI of skull found a hamatoma in the thalamus, Average size $10,8 \pm 0,8$ mm x $13,8 \pm 1,2$ mm.



- 5 year girl
- Investigations
- FSH: 6,98 UI/l
- LH: 6,29 UI/l
- Estradiol: 0,32 pmol/l
- Bone age: 7 tuổi



- ✓ Hamatoma: a cause of precocious puberty
- ✓ Specific clinical features
- ✓ Increase bone age dramatically
- ✓ Sexual hormone and gonadotropin increase significantly
- ✓ Skull MRI is essential to diagnose



Thank You for your attention !