

The first Human milk bank in Da Nang, Viet Nam

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- Benefit of breastfeeding
- Promoting breastfeeding in Da Nang Hospital for Women and Children
- Human milk bank & donor milk
- Da Nang Human milk bank
 - Operation
 - Results
- Enabling factors, Challenges and Future

Benefits of breastfeeding



Intervention	Reduce n	nortality	an Mi	ilk Bank da nang city
Breastfeeding	13%			
Anti parasites drugs	7%			
Nutrition supplement	6%			
Zinc	4%			
Safe childbirth	4%			
Hib vaccination	4%			
Water and environment hygiene	3%			
Atenatal steroid	3%			
Điều hòa thân nhiệt sơ sinh	2%			
Vitamin A	2%			
Kháng độc tố tetanus	2%			
Nevirapin và sữa thay thế	2%			
Kháng sinh cho vỡ ối sớm	1%	The Lancet Child		
Chủng ngừa sởi	1%	series 2003; 362	: 65	-/1

Benefits of breastfeeding



- Non breastfed infants in the first 6 months increase risk of death to 14 folds as compared to exclusive BF infants. Non BF Children from 12-23 months increase risk of death twice (Sankar, Sinha et al. 2015).
- BF reduces risk of type 2 diabetes, obesity 13% (Horta, Loret De Mola et al. 2015)
- BF children have higher IQ (Horta, Loret De Mola et al. 2015).
- BF reduce chronic lung disease, ROP, asthma, allergy (Spiegler, Preuss et al. 2016-Lewis, Richard et al. 2017-Dicky, Ehlinger et al. 2017)

WHO recommendation on nutrition for LBW babies



1. Mother milk

2. Donor breast milk if mother milk is not available (from a human milk bank to make sure safety).

3. Fullterm formula if mother milk and donor milk is not available (recommendation relevant for resource-limited settings).

Feeding of low-birth-weight infants in low- and middle-income countries http://www.who.int/elena/titles/full_recommendations/feeding_lbw/e n/

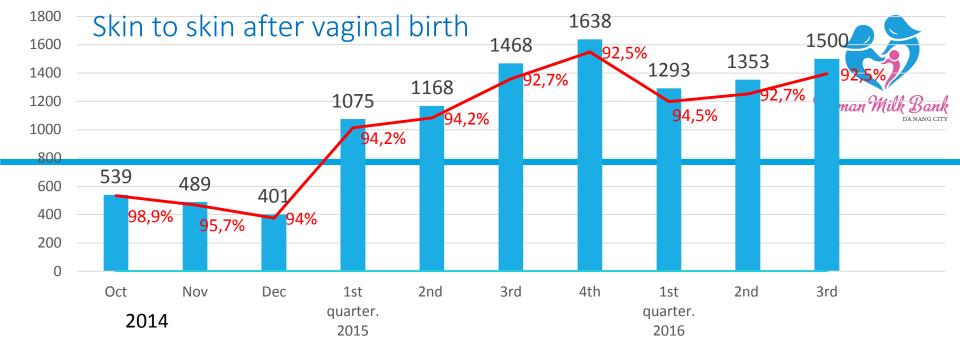


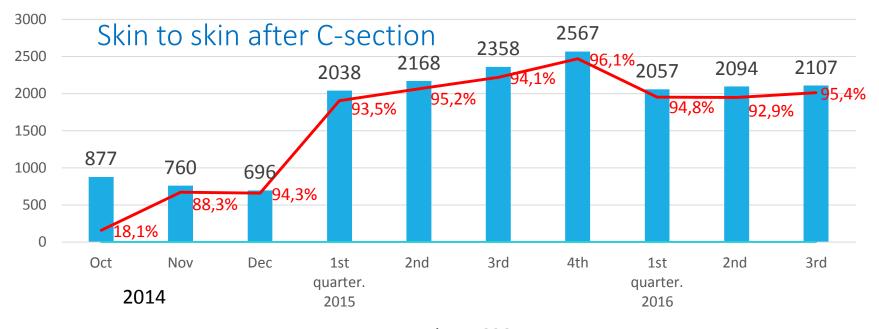


Promoting Breastfeeding at Da Nang Hospital for Women and Children

- Early essential newborn care
- Kangaroo mother care
- Breast milk storage in NICU
- BF education and advertisement







Total — S2S

Kangaroo mother care



- 2007: First implementation with 8 KMC chairs
- 2011-2013: 10 KMC beds with CPAP
- 2013-2014: 14 KMC beds with CPAP
- 5/2014: 30 KMC beds: 14 with CPAP, 10 with oxygen available
- 9/2015: 40 KMC beds
 - 14 beds with CPAP, 18 with oxygen available
 - 385 received KMC, 87 with CPAP
- 8/2017: 50 KMC beds
- 1/2018: 50 KMC beds in the neonatal unit and 8 KMC beds in postnatal ward

Promoting breastfeeding in the Neonatal unit

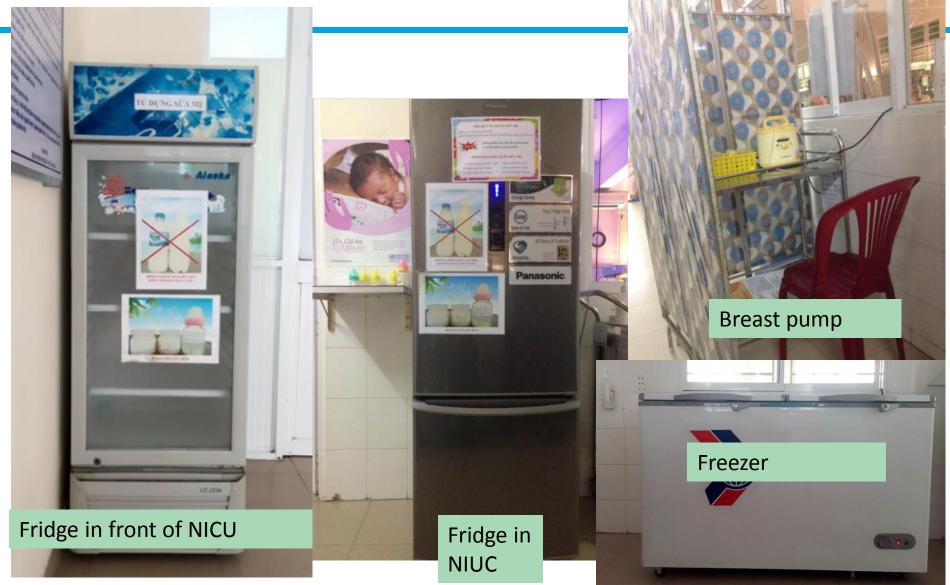






Promoting breastfeeding in the Neonatal unit





Demand for a Human milk bank in Da Nang



- Total live births in Da Nang Hospital for Women and Children: 14,000-15,000
- Preterm birth <37 weeks: 10%
- NICU admission: 3000-4000
- Babies in the postnatal ward
 - Sick mother
 - Abandoned babies
 - Mothers with difficulty in lactation.
- Sick infants

Human milk bank



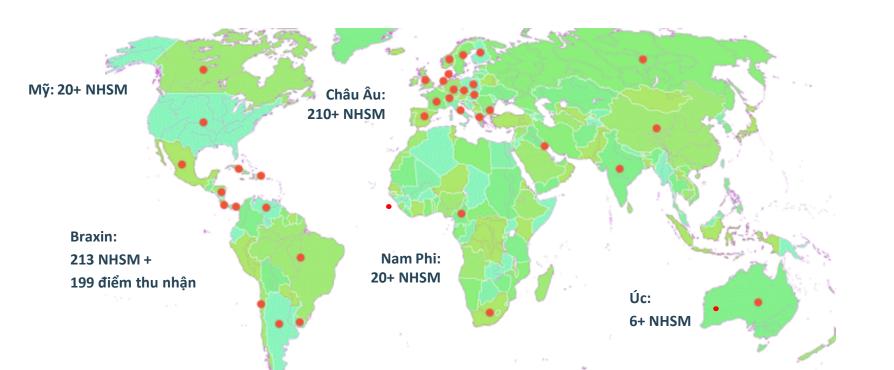
- *HMB* is a service established to screen, select donors, collect, treat, sceen, store and distribute to babies in need for optimal nutrition.
- **Donor milk** is breastmilk donated by volunteer without fees

BF & HMB

- BF: is the foundation for a HMB
- > HMB: promote BF



Human milk bank around the work of Milk Bank



≻First HMB in 1909 in Vienna, Austria, Nowadays: >600 HMB in 37+ countries

Section Asia: First HMB in 1989 at the NICU in Medical College & Hospital in Mumbai, India.



- Donor milk from healthy women with negative HIV, Hep B, C, syphilis is heated to 62,5°C in 30 minutes, then cool down to 4°C
- To ensure safety about biomicrology and serve important components of protein, antibody, and vitamin

Benefits of pasteurized donor milk

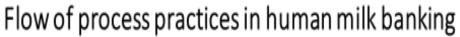


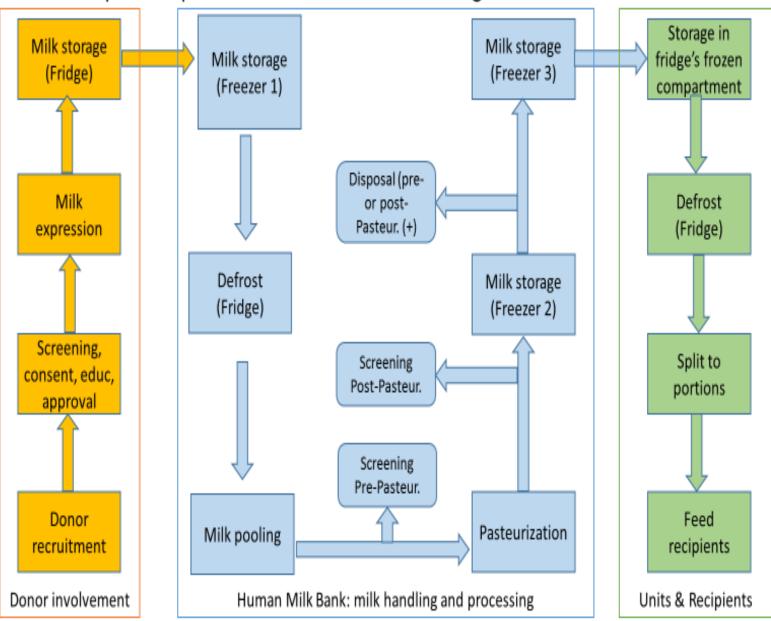
- Reduce NEC~ 3 times as compared to formula (de Halleux, Pieltain et al. 2017).
- Donor milk reduce 19% late newborn infections among LBW in the first 28 days (Quigley and McGuire 2014)
- Reduce hospitalization of 15 days and reduce parenteral nutrition time 10 days as compared to formula (Arslanoglu, Corpeleijn et al. 2013).
- Increase BF rate at NICU discharge by 10% (Kantorowska, Wei et al. 2016).
- Help milk tolerance, reduce diarrhea as compared to formula feeding (Arslanoglu, Corpeleijn et al. 2013)

Timeline to establish and operate the Da Nang Human Milk Bank



Initiated human milk bank project and secured funding Approval from Ministry of Health and Da Nang People's Committee
Approval from withistry of freatth and Da Nang reople's committee
Stakeholder meeting and site assessment
Developed SBC materials
Study tour in Scotland
Developing Guidelines and SOPs/MOPs
Upgraded facility and purchased equipment
Cost of donor human milk approved by Department of Health
Approval of Da Nang Human Milk Bank's Guidelines and Staff Training
Opened the human milk bank and began operations
E- Monitoring and reporting system launched
Capacity building of internal quality assurance team
Revising Guidelines and SOPs/ MOPs based on actual operation
Refresh training on Breastfeeding and Human Milk Bank
Recruiting and training the volunteers on basic BF, HMB, collecting and 16 transporting DHM





k Bank

Electronic database

Đăng nhập				
Tên đăng nhậ	ip:			
admin				
Mật khẩu:				
ĐĂNG NHẬP				

Ngày phòng vấn:	Mã bà me: Tinh trang hiến tăng: Đang hiến tăng 🔻
Ngi nhận sữa:	Chất lượng sửa của bà me:
NOI NIȚI SUA:	Chat lượng sửa của bà mẹ:
Họ và tên:	Năm sinh: Tuối: (Dưới 18 tuổi, dừng phỏng vấn)
Dân tộc:	O Kinh O Khác Nghễ nghiệp:
Trình độ học vấn:	O 1) Trung cấp, sơ cấp O 2) Đại học O 3) Sau đại học O 4) Phố thông, ghi lớp đã học
Địa chỉ: Số nhà:	.thôn, phố: xã, phường:
Tinh/TP:	▼ Quận, huyện: ▼ Điện thoại liên hệ:
Con sinh ngày:	Noi sinh: 1) BV Phụ sản Nhi Đà Nẵng: 🗌 2) Khác:

			ặng sĩ	
		Ngày	Số lượng (ml)	Tinh trang
1	0		0	
2	۰	07/03/2017	120	Chira thanh trùng
3	•	06/03/2017	200	Chưa thanh trùng
4	۰	05/03/2017	200	Chura thanh trùng
5	۰	04/03/2017	200	Chưa thanh trùng
6	۰	03/03/2017	200	Chura thanh trùng
7	0	02/03/2017	200	Chưa thanh trùng

Chức năng

Tạo nhu cầu Quản lý bà mẹ hiến tặng Xử lý sữa hiến tặng Phân phối sữa Quản lý trẻ nhận Sử dụng sữa hiến tặng Quản lý chai sữa Báo cáo

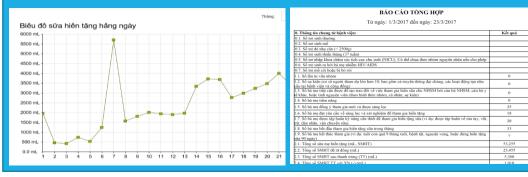
Biểu đồ

Xử lý sữa hiến tặng

Ngày g	lờ bất	đầu:	22/02/2017	🛗 giờ:	11:	00 🔻	Nhiệt độ tủ	lạnh:	4.30	°C	Người thực hiện:
Ngày g	lờ kết i	thúc:	23/02/2017	🛍 giờ:	09:	45 🔻	Nhiệt độ tủ	lanh:	4.50	°C	Người thực hiện:
Th	ông t	in về	sữa thô rã đ	ông							
LOẠT SỐ:		008	Ngày thực	hiện:	23/02/2017	Ê	giờ:	10:30	*	+ Chọn sữa thô	
			Mã số bà mẹ h	iến tặng	Tên B	вмнт		Tốn	g số mL	Hạn	thanh trùng
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	□ 4 ³ M17-00		Bùi Thị 200)	09/05/2017					
5 8 M17-00			Bùi '	Thi '		200)	09/0	5/2017		

Ph	Phê duyệt						
0	Đủ ti	êu c	huấn sử dụng				
•			Mã bình BMHT	Tống du			
1	≓	0	M17-005-01-008	220			
2	≓	0	M17-005-02-008	220			
3	₽	0	M17-005-03-008	220			

Số liệu, báo cáo, và biểu đồ







Results



Donor recruitment Results following 11 months of operation (6/2-31/12/2017)



Characteristics	Number
Mothers participated in donor appeal	452
Mothers agreed to be donors	221
Mothers passed screening tests	166
Mean age (SD) years	27.9 ± 4
Mothers from community, n (%)	58 (35%)
Mothers with preterm births, n (%)	97 (58%)
Mothers delivered vaginally, n (%)	83 (50%)
Mothers gave birth at DHWC, n (%)	140 (84%)
Mothers lived in Da Nang, n (%)	103 (62%)



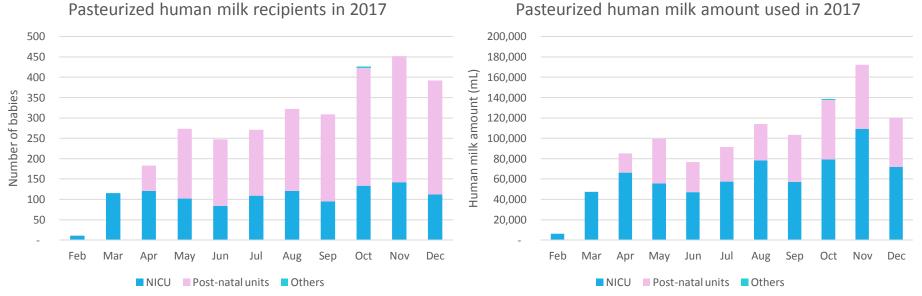
Amount of donated milk received

~1540 liters from 166 mothers Average 4.7 liters/ day Average 9.3 liters/ donor Average donation duration 30 days



Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Otc Nov Dec Monitoring data (Feb. 6 to Dec 31, 2017)

Recipients and donated human milk used 2,647 babies used 1,055 liters Human Milk



Pasteurized human milk amount used in 2017

- The need of Pasteurized Human Milk has increased over time: the number • of human milk recipients and the amount of milk used have increased
- The target recipient of PHM is the NICU's baby •

Recipients

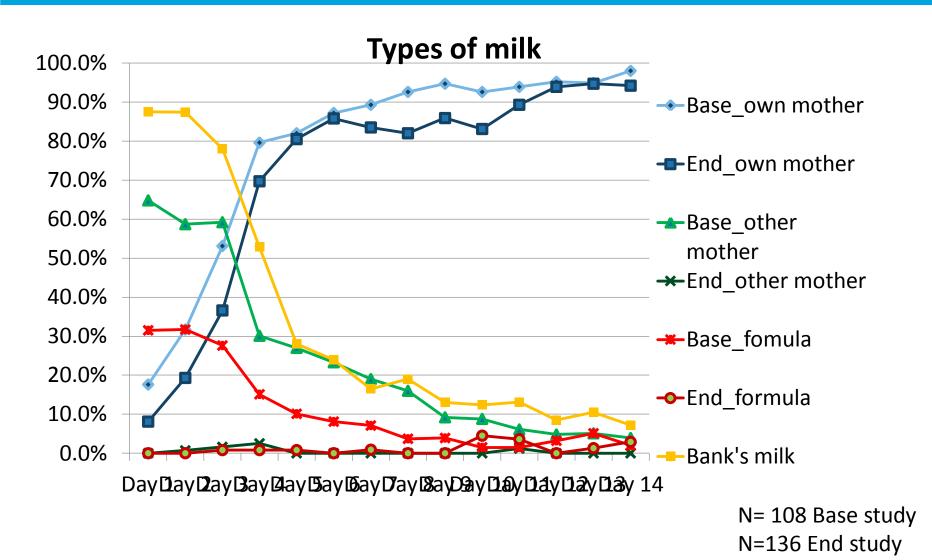


2,647 recipients at NICU and postnatal care wards used 1,055 liters

Characteristics	Number
Babies <32 weeks ở < 1500 g, n (%)	261 (13%)
Babies <37 weeks or <2500 g, n (%)	437 (17%)
Babies with illnesses, n (%)	230 (9)
Full term, healthy babies, n (%)	1607 (60)
Under 6 months with illnesses, n (%)	12 (1)
C-section, n (%)	1,856 (70%)
Mean used days in NICU	4.4
Mean used days in Post natal ward	2.2

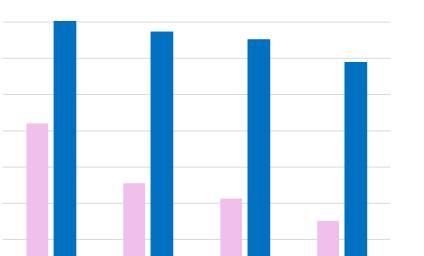
Impacts on breastfeeding





Impacts on breastfeeding Postnatal wards

100%



Day 3

Endline (n=450)

At discharge

Exclusive human milk feeding

100%

90%

80%

70%

60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

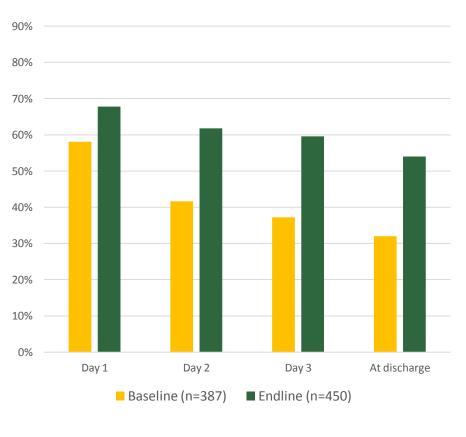
10%

0%

Day 1

Day 2

Baseline (n=387)



Exclusive Breastfeeding



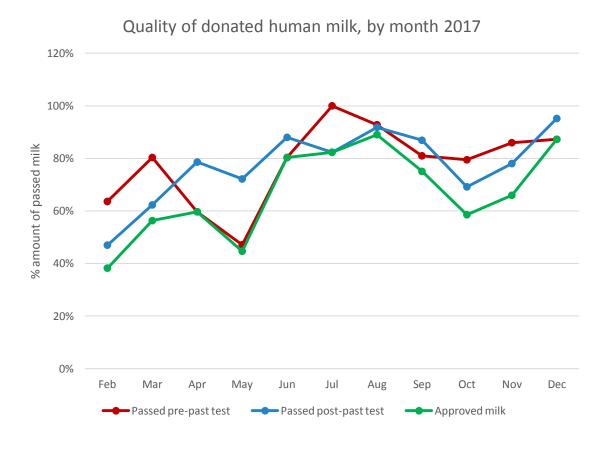
Quality assurance



- Internal technical monitoring: monthly then bi-monthly by HACCP team
- Relevant staff of hospital units/ department involved
- Good practices have been recorded and shared by HMB staff

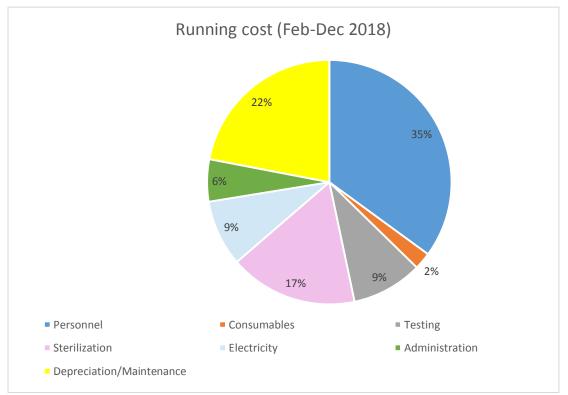
has resulted in:

- Quality of milk has been improved overtime
- Amount of discarded milk has been reduced overtime



Operation costs





Cost of donor milk <50 ml: 50.000 VNĐ

50-100 ml: 50.000 VNĐ-100.000 VNĐ >100 ml: 100.000 VNĐ

Enabling factors

- Policies and programs in place: decree 100, Kangaroo mother care (KMC), Early Essential Newborn Care (EENC)
- Support from Ministry of Health, Department of Health, local authorities, and hospital leaders
- Financial and technical support from PATH and Alive & Thrive
- Strong basic newborn care: early essential newborn care and kangaroo mother care
- Great efforts from multi-disciplinary hospital team
 - Dedicated staff
 - Frequent meetings for human milk bank solutions
 - Parents education on breastfeeding
- Support from public media and social networks







Challenges

- Unavailability of instruction or legal guidance for human milk banking in Viet Nam
- Costs not covered by Health Insurance yet
- Unavailability of specific equipment in Viet Nam
- Lack of human resource
- High C-section rate
- Limited knowledge and practice on breastfeeding among mothers
- Informal milk sharing common among community









- Develop **national guidelines** for human milk banking
- Enhance our capacity to become a **Center of Excellence** in human milk banking for Viet Nam and the greater region
- Join the **regional network** for human milk banks
- Health insurance coverage for donor milk
- Further training for staff on breastfeeding and the human milk bank
- Consistent breastfeeding promotion from prenatal clinics and delivery rooms to postnatal wards
- Research

Love and Health for Children Da Nang, Viet Nam